

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2019

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In Biology (WBI03) Paper 01 Practical, Biology and Research Skills

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- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

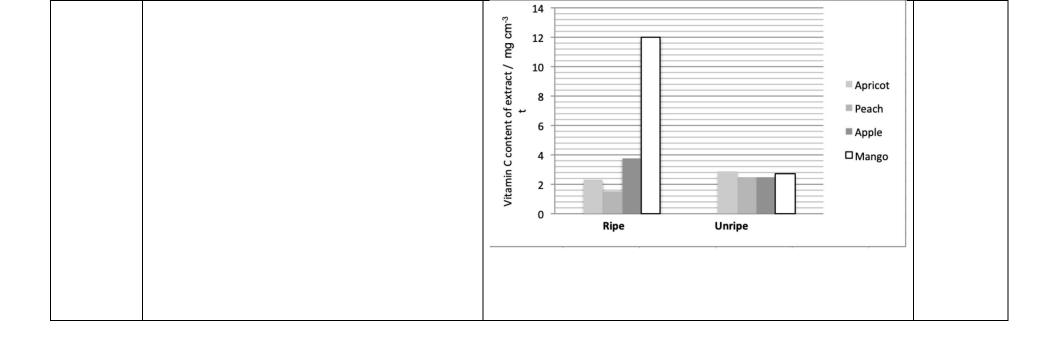
| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 1(a)(i) | 1. ripeness / eq ; | ACCEPT ripe and unripe | |
| | · | ACCEPT type of fruit | |
| | | | |
| | 2. vitamin C content (of extract / fruits) | ACCEPT volume of extract added (to | |
| | ; | decolourise DCPIP) | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------|
| 1(a)(ii) | 1. mass of fruit ; | ACCEPT size / volume | |
| | 2. volume of (distilled) water; | ACCEPT a stated volume, e.g. 10cm ³ | |
| | 3. time for ripening / age of fruit; | | |
| | 4. extraction method qualified ; | e.g. time of shaking / crushing method | |
| | 5. temperature; | | |
| | 6. pH; | | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 1(a)(iii) | {take the residue / eq} (from the filter paper); add (distilled) water to it; | | |
| | 3. test for vitamin C (with DCPIP) to show no decolourisation (to show assumption is right) / eq; | ACCEPT reverse argument to show assumption is wrong | (3) |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|-------------------------------|---|------|
| Number | | | |
| 1(b)(i) | | | |
| | 1. 1 ÷ 2.2 / 6 ÷ 2.2 / 0.45 ; | 1. ACCEPT 0.5 | |
| | 2. 0.45 x 6 = 2.7 / 2.73 ; | 2. ACCEPT 0.5 x 6 = 3.0 | |
| | | Correct answer with no working gains full marks | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 1(b)(ii) | B bar chart; A axes correctly labelled as (x - has bars identified by fruits named / eq), (y- vitamin C content of extract / mg cm ⁻³); K ripeness indicated with {key / eq}; P correct plotting S suitable linear scale on both axes; | S, half of grid minimum, do not accept discontinuity sample graphs | |
| | | | (5) |



| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---------------------|------|
| 1(b)(iii) | in {two fruits / apricot and peach / eq} ripening increases vitamin C; in {two fruits / apple and mango / eq} ripening decreases vitamin C; idea that peach has biggest increase on ripening; | | |
| | 4. idea that mango has biggest decrease on ripening; | | (4) |

| 5. (ripe peach) {1 mg cm ⁻³ / 67%} more than | DO NOT ACCEPT any other manipulations | |
|---|--|--|
| unripe OR (ripe mango) {9.3 mg cm ⁻³ / | | |
| 78%} less than unripe ; | | |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|---|---------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 1(c) | 1. plot the {mean / average} ; | | |
| | plot {standard deviation / standard error / error bars / range bars}; | | (2) |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|--|--|------|
| Number | | | |
| 2(a) | 1. the (possible) extinction of tigers / eq; | ACCEPT tigers are endangered / decreased numbers of tigers IGNORE refs to human-tiger conflict | (1) |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|--|---------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 2(b)(i) | loss of habitat / human-tiger conflict / eq; | e.g. hunting tigers | (1) |
| | | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------------------------------|------|
| 2(b)(ii) | reducing logging ; | | |
| | 2. reducing grazing ; | | |
| | 3. reduce use of fires ; | | |
| | human settlements developed away from tiger areas / stop settlements near tiger areas; | | |
| | 5. {no roads / closed roads} in tiger areas ; | of tigers or prey | |
| | 6. reduction in poaching / eq; | | |
| | 7. move tigers to {other areas / zoos} / monitor tigers; | | |
| | 8. education ; | e.g. conservation programmes | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 2(c) | one suitable {bar graph / table / pie chart} drawn; six {bars / segments} with correct proportions or {cells} with correct data entered; {bars & axes / headings / segments} {correctly fully labelled / partially labelled and with key}; | Sample visuals CUBS CUBS ADULTS Roadless Roads Roads Percentage Survival / 76 (3) Tigers Adult females LOO 89 S5 CUDS All 38 AU AND CUDS AND ROADS ROA | (3) |
| | | | |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|---|---|------|
| Number | | | |
| 2(d) | because it lives in only {one region / | | |
| | location} / eq} ; | | |
| | 2. found in eastern Russia, north east China and north Korea ; | e.g. tigers are found only in eastern Russia and nearby north east China and north Korea gains mps 1 and 2 | |
| | | e.g. tigers are found only in eastern Russia gains mp 1 only | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|----------------------------|------|
| 2(e) | 1. find the species richness ; | | |
| | 2. {count / eq} the number of species (found in the area / the habitat / it) / eq; | | |
| | 3. find the genetic diversity | | |
| | 4. determine the variety of alleles (in gene pools); | ACCEPT find heterozygosity | (3) |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------|------|
| 2(f) | idea that {populations are becoming separated / habitat is being broken up}; | ACCEPT habitats isolated | (2) |

| 2. reduced outbreeding / eq ; | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | ACCEPT increased inbreeding | |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|--|-------------------------|------|
| Number | | | |
| 2(g) | 1. idea of economic benefits ; | | |
| | | | |
| | 2. employment qualified ; | 2. e.g. ecotourism jobs | |
| | | | |
| | 3. idea of {ecosystem / habitat} maintenance ; | | |
| | | | |
| | 4. to supply {food / water} for humans ; | | |
| | | | (2) |
| | | | |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|--------|---------------------|------|
| Number | | | |

| 2(h) | all 6 elements present with no extras i.e. names, date, article title, journal, volume number and pages do not award if "vol.", "pages", "pp", etc., are included; | | |
|------|--|--|-----|
| | 2. order correct ; | 2. there must be a minimum of 4 elements in the correct order to judge this | |
| | 3. reference has name(s) followed by initial(s); | ACCEPT Linda, L. / Linda, K. / Linda, L.K. | |
| | 4. reference has {et al / (and) others} ; | 4. e.g. Kerley, L. L. et al 2002 Effects of Roads and Human Disturbance on Amur Tigers, Conservation Biology 6, 1, 97-108. | (4) |

