

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Biology (WBI02) Paper 01 Development, Plants and the Environment

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded.
 Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	B metaphase	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)			
	1. anaphase ;		
	2. spindle fibres are {contracting / shortening /eq};		
	3. (causing the) centromeres to {split / divide / break / eq};		
	4. the chromatids are {separated / pulled apart /eq};	4 DO NOT ACCEPT chromosomes	
	5. to { (opposite) ends of the cell / poles / each centriole / eq};	5 ACCEPT chromosomes / chromatids	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)	totipotent cells are {undifferentiated / unspecialised} (cells);		
	2. idea that totipotent cells can give rise to {all / any / eq} cell type;	2 ACCEPT embryonic AND extra-embryonic tissues	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)	Any two of:	DO NOT ACCEPT any other structure	
	1. Golgi (apparatus / body / complex) ;	1 ACCEPT dictyosome	
	2. lysosome ;		
	3. vesicle;		
	4. rough endoplasmic reticulum / rER ;	ACCEPT endoplasmic reticulum / ER for one mark only	
	5. smooth endoplasmic reticulum / sER ;	ER for one mark only	
	6. vacuole ;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)(i)	A amyloplasts	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)(ii)	C pits	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
*2(b)(iii)	(QWC – Spelling of technical terms (shown in italics) must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	QWC Emphasis is on spelling	
	Similarities:	PIECE TOGETHER	
	Similarities:		
	1. both consist are { polysaccharides / glucose polymers};	1 ACCEPT made from the monomer glucose	
	2. both have 1-4 glycosidic bonds;	g. acces	
	Differences:		
	3. $starch$ consists of a $glucose$ but $cellulose$ consists of β $glucose$;		
	4. starch composed of amylose and amylopectin (but cellulose is not);		
	5. idea of { branching / 1-6 bonds / helix / eq} in starch but { straight chains / no branching / no 1-6 bonds / eq} in cellulose;		
	6. all {monomers / glucose} same {orientation / eq} in starch but every other one is {inverted / eq} in cellulose;		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q2(c)(i)	 idea that one (haploid) male {gamete / nucleus } fuses with (haploid) {egg cell / egg nucleus / female gamete / female nucleus}; to produce a {diploid / 2n} {zygote / embryo}; 	1 ACCEPT sperm nucleus DO NOT ACCEPT generative nucleus IGNORE ovum / egg unqualified	
	3. idea that one (haploid) male {gamete / nucleus} fuses with {two polar nuclei / diploid endosperm nucleus / fusion nucleus};4. to produce a {triploid / 3n} endosperm (nucleus);	3 ACCEPT sperm nucleus DO NOT ACCEPT generative nucleus / polar bodies	
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(c)(ii)	1. interphase / G1 / growth phase 1 / G2 / growth phase 2;	ACCEPT S (phase)	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)	 idea of producing { genetic variation / genetically varied offspring / eq } ; 	1 ACCEPT genetic diversity	
	OR		
	idea of combining { genes / alleles / chromosomes } from two parents ;		
	2. the diploid number (of chromosomes) is restored / eq;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)(i)	zona pellucida ;		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)		NB At least ONE mark point must be in the context of what cannot happen, for three marks to be awarded	
	1. acrosome {contains / produces} { acrosin / enzymes } ;		
	 idea that if the acrosome was damaged the {follicle cells would not be moved / digestion through zona pellucida would not occur / eq}; 	2 ACCEPT jelly layer	
	3. sperm cannot {penetrate the zona pellucida / reach the secondary oocyte / fuse with seconday oocyte membrane};	3 ACCEPT jelly layer egg cell	
	4. nucleus (of sperm) cannot enter seconday oocyte / eq;	4 ACCEPT egg cell	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(c)	1. reference to cortical reaction;		
	2. cortical granules fuse with secondary oocyte membrane / eq;	2 ACCEPT egg cell there will be a change in charge of the seconday oocyte	
	3. cortical granules are released / eq;	membrane	
	 zona pellucida {becomes impenetrable / thickens / hardens / eq }; 	4 ACCEPT jelly layer for z. p. ACCEPT fertilisation membrane will form	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)		NB It / they refer to prokaryotic	
		cells ACCEPT converse statements for	
		eukaryotic cells	
		IGNORE plasmids throughout	
	prokaryotic cells do not have { (membrane bound) organelles / named example of (membrane bound) organelle };	1 ACCEPT reference to other cell inclusion not found in prokaryotic cells	
	2. { small / 70S } ribosomes in prokaryotic cells ;		
	3. DNA not enclosed in {an envelope / a membrane / eq} in prokaryotic cells;	3 ACCEPT DNA in {a nucleoid / cytoplasm}	
	4. {circular / loop} DNA in prokaryotic cells ;	4 ACCEPT bacterial chromosome ACCEPT no histones / naked / eq	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(b)(i)	B – domains	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)(ii)	 reference to molecular phylogeny; (Woese looked at) { DNA / RNA / nucleic acid / proteins / enzymes / ribosomes / membrane components / cell wall 		
	components / eq } ;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)(iii)	1. Bacteria in top box ;		
	2. Archaea and {Eukarya / Eukaryota / Eukaryotes} in	2 ACCEPT in either of these boxes	
	middle and bottom box ;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(a)(i)	С	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(a)(ii)	D	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(a)(iii)	(secondary thickening) provides greater (tensile) strength;		
	 (secondary thickening) provides {extra rigidity / reduced flexibility / eq}; 		
	3. lignin provides {waterproofing / eq};		
	4. pits present for movement of water (into / out of xylem);		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(b)(i)	 idea that { this is a renewable resource / more jute plants can be grown }; 	1 IGNORE the idea that jute can be reused	
	2. resource will be available to future generations;		
	OR		
	is not finite (like oil) / will not run out / eq ;		
	3. idea that fibres are biodegradable;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(b)(ii)	negative correlation / description of a decrease in tensile strength with an increase in relative humidity;	1 ACCEPT converse	
	2. idea of greatest change between 75% and 85% relative humidity		
	OR		
	smallest difference between 65% and 75% AND 85% and 95%;		
	3. correct manipulation of data, e.g. 4 MPa difference between 75% and 85%, overall decrease of {8 MPa / 33 %};		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(b)(iii)	Any two of:	IGNORE any other variables given	
	1. temperature ;		
	2. length of fibre ;		
	3. { diameter / width / cross-sectional area / eq} of fibre ;		
	4. source of jute / eq;	4 ACCEPT age / storage conditions	
	5. practical technique described	5 e.g. extraction method, time for retting, hanging weights carefully, clamping of fibre	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)	1. amino acids / proteins / nucleic acids / (organic) bases / DNA / ATP ;	1 ACCEPT RNA, NAD, NADP, ADP, chlorophyll	
	idea of how this organic compound is used by the plant e.g. amino acids for the synthesis of proteins, proteins as enzymes, bases for synthesis of DNA, nucleic acids for cell division,	2 IGNORE refs to growth and repair	
	ATP as an energy source ;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(b)(i)	 idea of role of {organism / species} in its { habitat / community / ecosystem / environment }; 	1 ACCEPT relationship between organisms in a {habitat / eq} IGNORE exploits	
	2. idea of providing {food / shelter} for {animals / herbivores}	2 ACCEPT it is a producer	
	OR		
	recycling nitrogen		
	OR		
	soil improvement;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(b)(ii)	B – anatomical and physiological	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(b)(iii)		IGNORE comments about drought and storing water	
	1. idea that low nitrates act as a selection pressure ;	drought and storing water	
	2. genetic variation in population / (variation due to) mutation / eq;		
	3. description of relevant feature for feeding on insects;	3 e.g. cup-shaped leaves, produce enzymes	
	4. less competition from other plants ;	TOWORE Carriivorous	
	5. idea of passing on carnivorous alleles;		
	6. change in allele frequency (over generations) / eq;	6 DO NOT ACCEPT genes	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(c)		NB a ref to seeds would only prevent mp 1 being awarded	
	1. idea of using meristem cells ;	1 ACCEPT explant / description of explants / stem cells	
	2. idea of using {agar / nutrient medium / eq};		
	3. idea that medium will contain low nitrate concentration;		
	4. (agar contains) growth substances / hormones / eq;		
	5. idea of using aseptic technique;	5 e.g. sterile agar, work by a Bunsen, cover culture	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(a)(i)	 1. { difference between 8.9 and 17.6 / 8.7 }; 2. (divided by 5) = 1.74 / 1.7; 	Correct answer = 2 marks	
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(a)(ii)	 idea that the {incidence / number of tumours} increases / eq; 	1 IGNORE any manipulation of figures	
	2. {radiation / eq} causes mutations / eq;		
	<pre>3. in {proto-oncogenes / tumour suppressor genes / eq} / {resulting in oncogenes / eq };</pre>	3 ACCEPT in DNA repair genes IGNORE (mutation in) oncogenes	
	 idea that {cell division is affected / cell growth cannot be controlled}; 	4 ACCEPT no Hayflick limit	
	5. idea that time is taken for cancer { to develop / to be detected } ;	5 ACCEPT time for accumulation of radioactive material in {an organism / food chain} figures were manipulated time taken for mutations to build up	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(b)(i)	{number / variety / range} of species;	ACCEPT species richness	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(b)(ii)	 measure species richness / description of counting number of species (in Pripyat); 	1 ACCEPT idea of calculating diversity index	
	2. idea of comparing values over time;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(a)(i)	{ variety / number / eq} of alleles within a { gene pool / population / species };	DO NOT ACCEPT genes	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(a)(ii)	inbreeding / mating with closely related individuals;		
	2. genetic drift / reduced gene pool / {loss of / fewer } alleles in {gene pool / population};	2 ALLOW increased homozygosity	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(b)	polygenic inheritance / more than one gene codes for fur colour / eq;		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(c)(i)	1. koalas from south are longer by 5.3 cm than koalas from north;	Only 1 mark for longer and heavier unqualified	
	2. koalas from south are heavier by 4.5 kg than koalas from north;	1 ACCEPT correct ratios, percentages (7.08%)	
		2 ACCEPT correct ratios, percentages (43.69%)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(c)(ii)	Any one from:		
	1. different named environmental factor;	e.g. predation, diet, temperature	
	2. genetic differences / eq;		
	3. disease ;		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
*8(d)	* (QWC- Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	QWC emphasis is clarity of expression	
	(zoos) select koalas from {north and south / different areas in} Australia;		
	2. inter-zoo exchange (of animals / semen) / eq;		
	3. idea of use of {stud books / record keeping} (to select mates);		
	4. reference to { preventing / eq} inbreeding;	4 ACCEPT promoting outbreeding	
	5. idea of avoiding genetic drift;	outbreeding	
	6. use of { IVF / AI / surrogates } ;		
	7. process for measuring genetic diversity described;	7 e.g. DNA profiling	(5)