## edexcel

# Mark Scheme (Results) 

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel
International Advanced Level
in Biology (WBI 02) Paper 01
Development, Plants and the
Environment

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a )}$ | B metaphase | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(b) | 1. anaphase ; |  |  |
|  | 2. spindle fibres are \{contracting / shortening /eq\} ; |  |  |
| 3. (causing the ) centromeres to \{split / divide / break / eq\} ; | 4. the chromatids are \{separated / pulled apart /eq\} ; | 4 DO NOT ACCEPT <br> chromosomes <br> 5 ACCEPT chromosomes / <br> chromatids | (4) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( c )}$ | 1. totipotent cells are \{undifferentiated / unspecialised\} (cells); <br> 2. idea that totipotent cells can give rise to \{all / any / eq\} cell <br> type ; | 2 ACCEPT embryonic AND <br> extra-embryonic tissues | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2(a) | Any two of: | DO NOT ACCEPT any other <br> structure |  |
|  | 1. Golgi (apparatus / body / complex) ;  <br> 2. lysosome ;  <br> 3. vesicle ; 1 ACCEPT dictyosome |  |  |
|  | 4. rough endoplasmic reticulum / rER ;  <br> 5. smooth endoplasmic reticulum / sER ;  <br> 6. vacuole ; ACCEPT endoplasmic reticulum / |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2(b)(i) | A amyloplasts | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 ( b ) ( \text { ii) }}$ | C pits | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *2(b)(iii) | (QWC - Spelling of technical terms (shown in italics) must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence) <br> Similarities: <br> 1. both consist are \{polysaccharides / glucose polymers\} ; <br> 2. both have 1-4 glycosidic bonds; <br> Differences: <br> 3. starch consists of a glucose but cellulose consists of $\beta$ glucose ; <br> 4. starch composed of amylose and amylopectin (but cellulose is not) ; <br> 5. idea of \{branching / 1-6 bonds / helix / eq\} in starch but \{straight chains / no branching / no 1-6 bonds / eq\} in cellulose ; <br> 6. all \{monomers / glucose\} same \{orientation / eq\} in starch but every other one is \{inverted / eq\} in cellulose ; | QWC Emphasis is on spelling <br> PIECE TOGETHER <br> 1 ACCEPT made from the monomer glucose | (4) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q2(c)(i) | 1. idea that one (haploid) male \{gamete / nucleus \} fuses with <br> (haploid) \{egg cell / egg nucleus / female gamete / female <br> nucleus\} ; | 1 ACCEPT sperm nucleus <br> DO NOT ACCEPT generative <br> nucleus <br> IGNORE ovum / egg <br> unqualified |  |
|  | 2. to produce a \{diploid / 2n\} \{zygote / embryo\} ; <br> 3. idea that one (haploid) male \{gamete / nucleus\} fuses with <br> \{two polar nuclei / diploid endosperm nucleus / fusion <br> nucleus\} ; <br> 4. to produce a \{triploid / 3n\} endosperm (nucleus); | 3 ACCEPT sperm nucleus <br> DO NOT ACCEPT generative <br> nucleus / polar bodies |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 2(c)(ii) | 1. interphase / G1 / growth phase 1/G2 / growth phase 2; | ACCEPT S (phase) | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(a) | 1. idea of producing \{ genetic variation / genetically varied <br> offspring / eq \} ; <br> OR <br> idea of combining \{ genes / alleles / chromosomes \} from <br> two parents ; | 1 ACCEPT genetic diversity |  |
|  | 2. the diploid number (of chromosomes) is restored / eq; |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3 ( b ) ( i )}$ | zona pellucida; |  | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(b)(ii) | 1. acrosome \{contains / produces\} \{ acrosin / enzymes \}; <br> 2. idea that if the acrosome was damaged the \{follicle cells <br> would not be moved / digestion through zona pellucida <br> would not occur / eq\} ; | NB At least ONE mark point must <br> be in the context of what cannot <br> happen, for three marks to be <br> awarded | 2 ACCEPT jelly layer |
| 3. sperm cannot \{penetrate the zona pellucida / reach the |  |  |  |
| secondary oocyte / fuse with seconday oocyte membrane\} ; |  |  |  |
| 4. nucleus (of sperm) cannot enter seconday oocyte / eq ; |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(c) | 1. reference to cortical reaction ; <br> 2. cortical granules fuse with secondary oocyte membrane / eq ; <br> 3. cortical granules are released / eq ; <br> 4. zona pellucida \{becomes impenetrable / thickens / hardens / eq \} ; | 2 ACCEPT egg cell there will be a change in charge of the seconday oocyte membrane <br> 4 ACCEPT jelly layer for z. p. ACCEPT fertilisation membrane will form | (3) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(a) | 1. prokaryotic cells do not have \{ (membrane bound) organelles / named example of (membrane bound) organelle \}; <br> 2. \{ small / 70S \} ribosomes in prokaryotic cells ; <br> 3. DNA not enclosed in \{an envelope / a membrane / eq\} in prokaryotic cells ; <br> 4. \{circular / loop\} DNA in prokaryotic cells ; | NB It / they refer to prokaryotic cells <br> ACCEPT converse statements for eukaryotic cells <br> IGNORE plasmids throughout <br> 1 ACCEPT reference to other cell inclusion not found in prokaryotic cells <br> 3 ACCEPT DNA in \{a nucleoid / cytoplasm \} <br> 4 ACCEPT bacterial chromosome ACCEPT no histones / naked / eq | (3) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b)(i) | B - domains | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(b)(ii) | 1. reference to molecular phylogeny ; |  |  |
|  | 2. (Woese looked at) \{ DNA / RNA / nucleic acid / proteins / <br> enzymes / ribosomes / membrane components / cell wall <br> components / eq \} ; |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(b)(iii) | 1. Bacteria in top box; <br> 2. Archaea and \{Eukarya / Eukaryota / Eukaryotes\} in <br> middle and bottom box; | 2 ACCEPT in either of these <br> boxes |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a ) ( i )}$ | C | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 5(a)(ii) | D | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(a)(iii) | 1. (secondary thickening) provides greater (tensile) strength ; <br> 2. (secondary thickening) provides \{extra rigidity / reduced <br> flexibility / eq\} ; |  |  |
|  | 3. lignin provides \{waterproofing / eq\} ; <br> 4. pits present for movement of water (into / out of xylem) ; |  | (3) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(b)(i) | 1. idea that $\{$ this is a renewable resource / more jute plants can be grown \} ; <br> 2. resource will be available to future generations ; <br> OR <br> is not finite (like oil) / will not run out / eq ; <br> 3. idea that fibres are biodegradable ; | 1 IGNORE the idea that jute can be reused | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(b)(ii) | 1. negative correlation / description of a decrease in tensile <br> strength with an increase in relative humidity ; <br> 2. idea of greatest change between $75 \%$ and $85 \%$ relative <br> humidity <br> OR | 1 ACCEPT <br> converse |  |
| smallest difference between $65 \%$ and $75 \%$ AND $85 \%$ and $95 \%$ <br> $;$ |  |  |  |
| 3. correct manipulation of data, e.g. 4 MPa difference between <br> $75 \%$ and $85 \%$, overall decrease of $\{8 \mathrm{MPa} / 33 \%\} ;$ |  | (2) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(b)(iii) | Any two of: | IGNORE any other variables <br> given |  |
|  | 1. temperature ; <br> 2. length of fibre ; <br> 3. \{ diameter / width / cross-sectional area / eq\} of fibre ; | 4 ACCEPT age / storage <br> conditions <br> 5 e.g. extraction method, time <br> for retting, hanging weights <br> carefully, clamping of fibre |  |
|  | 4. source of jute / eq ; | (2) |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a) | 1. amino acids / proteins / nucleic acids / (organic) bases / DNA / ATP ; <br> 2. idea of how this organic compound is used by the plant e.g. amino acids for the synthesis of proteins, proteins as enzymes, bases for synthesis of DNA, nucleic acids for cell division, ATP as an energy source ; | 1 ACCEPT RNA, NAD, NADP, ADP, chlorophyll <br> 2 IGNORE refs to growth and repair | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6(b)(i) | 1. idea of role of \{organism / species\} in its \{ habitat / <br> community / ecosystem / environment \}; <br> 2. idea of providing \{food / shelter\} for \{animals / herbivores\} <br> OR <br> recycling nitrogen <br> OR <br> soil improvement; | 1 ACCEPT relationship between <br> organisms in a \{habitat / eq\} <br> IGNORE exploits <br> 2 ACCEPT it is a producer |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 ( b ) ( \text { ii }}$ | B - anatomical and physiological | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(b)(iii) | 1. idea that low nitrates act as a selection pressure ; <br> 2. genetic variation in population / (variation due to) mutation / eq ; <br> 3. description of relevant feature for feeding on insects ; <br> 4. less competition from other plants ; <br> 5. idea of passing on carnivorous alleles; <br> 6. change in allele frequency (over generations) / eq ; | IGNORE comments about drought and storing water <br> 3 e.g. cup-shaped leaves, produce enzymes IGNORE carnivorous <br> 6 DO NOT ACCEPT genes | (4) |
| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| 6(c) | 1. idea of using meristem cells ; <br> 2. idea of using \{agar / nutrient medium / eq\} ; <br> 3. idea that medium will contain low nitrate concentration ; <br> 4. (agar contains) growth substances / hormones / eq ; <br> 5. idea of using aseptic technique ; | NB a ref to seeds would only prevent mp 1 being awarded 1 ACCEPT explant / description of explants / stem cells <br> 5 e.g. sterile agar, work by a Bunsen, cover culture | (4) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a)(i) | 1. \{ difference between 8.9 and 17.6 / 8.7 \}; <br> 2. (divided by 5) $=1.74$ / 1.7 ; | Correct answer = 2 marks | (2) |
| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| 7(a)(ii) | 1. idea that the \{incidence / number of tumours \} increases / eq ; <br> 2. \{radiation / eq\} causes mutations / eq ; <br> 3. in \{proto-oncogenes / tumour suppressor genes / eq\} / \{resulting in oncogenes / eq \} ; <br> 4. idea that \{cell division is affected / cell growth cannot be controlled\} ; <br> 5. idea that time is taken for cancer \{ to develop / to be detected \} ; | 1 IGNORE any manipulation of figures <br> 3 ACCEPT in DNA repair genes IGNORE (mutation in) oncogenes <br> 4 ACCEPT no Hayflick limit <br> 5 ACCEPT time for accumulation of radioactive material in \{an organism / food chain\} figures were manipulated time taken for mutations to build up | (3) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b)(i) | \{number / variety / range\} of species ; | ACCEPT species richness | (1) |
| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| 7(b)(ii) | 1. measure species richness / description of counting number of species (in Pripyat); <br> 2. idea of comparing values over time ; | 1 ACCEPT idea of calculating diversity index | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 ( a ) ( i )}$ | \{ variety / number / eq\} of alleles within a \{ gene pool / <br> population / species \} ; | DO NOT ACCEPT genes |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | 1. inbreeding / mating with closely related individuals; <br> 2. genetic drift / reduced gene pool / \{loss of / fewer \} alleles in <br> \{gene pool / population\}; | 2 ALLOW increased <br> homozygosity |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b )}$ | 1. polygenic inheritance / more than one gene codes for fur <br> colour / eq ; |  | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(c)(i) | 1. koalas from south are longer by 5.3 cm than koalas from north ; <br> 2. koalas from south are heavier by 4.5 kg than koalas from north ; | Only 1 mark for longer and heavier unqualified 1 ACCEPT correct ratios, percentages (7.08\%) 2 ACCEPT correct ratios, percentages (43.69\%) | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( c ) ( \text { ii) }}$ | Any one from: | e.g. predation, diet, <br> temperature |  |
|  | 1. different named environmental factor;  <br> 2. genetic differences / eq ;  <br> 3. disease ;  |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *8(d) | * (QWC- Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence) <br> 1. (zoos) select koalas from \{north and south / different areas in\} Australia; <br> 2. inter-zoo exchange (of animals / semen) / eq ; <br> 3. idea of use of \{stud books / record keeping\} (to select mates) ; <br> 4. reference to \{ preventing / eq\} inbreeding ; <br> 5. idea of avoiding genetic drift ; <br> 6. use of \{ IVF / AI / surrogates \} ; <br> 7. process for measuring genetic diversity described ; | QWC emphasis is clarity of expression <br> 4 ACCEPT promoting outbreeding <br> 7 e.g. DNA profiling | (5) |

