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Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International GCSE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Mathematics B

Paper 2



Thursday 9 June 2016 – Morning
Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Paper Reference

4MB0/02

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators may be used.**

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

Turn over ►

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$$2 \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ -6 & -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a) Find \mathbf{AB} .

(2)

(b) Given that $\mathbf{AB} - \mathbf{C} = \lambda\mathbf{A}$ where λ is an integer, find the value of λ .

(3)

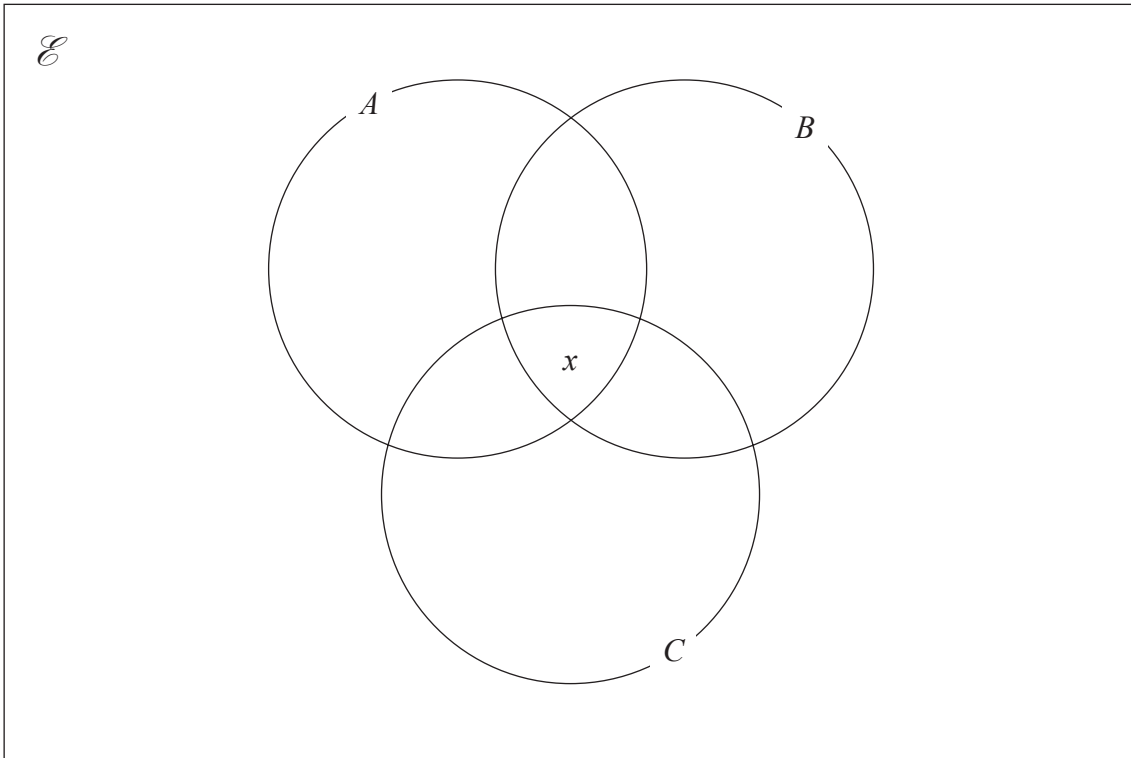
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In the Venn diagram, $n(A \cap B \cap C) = x$

It is given that sets \mathcal{E} , A , B and C are such that

$$n(\mathcal{E}) = 60$$

$$n([A \cup B \cup C]') = 4$$

$$n(A \cap B) = 8$$

$$n(B \cap C) = 7$$

$$n(A \cap C) = 13$$

$$n(A) = 37 - x$$

$$n(B) = 28 - x$$

$$n(C) = 29 - x$$

(a) Using this information, complete the Venn diagram to show the number of elements in each appropriate subset.

(3)

(b) (i) Using your Venn diagram, write down an equation in x .

(ii) Hence find the value of x .

(2)

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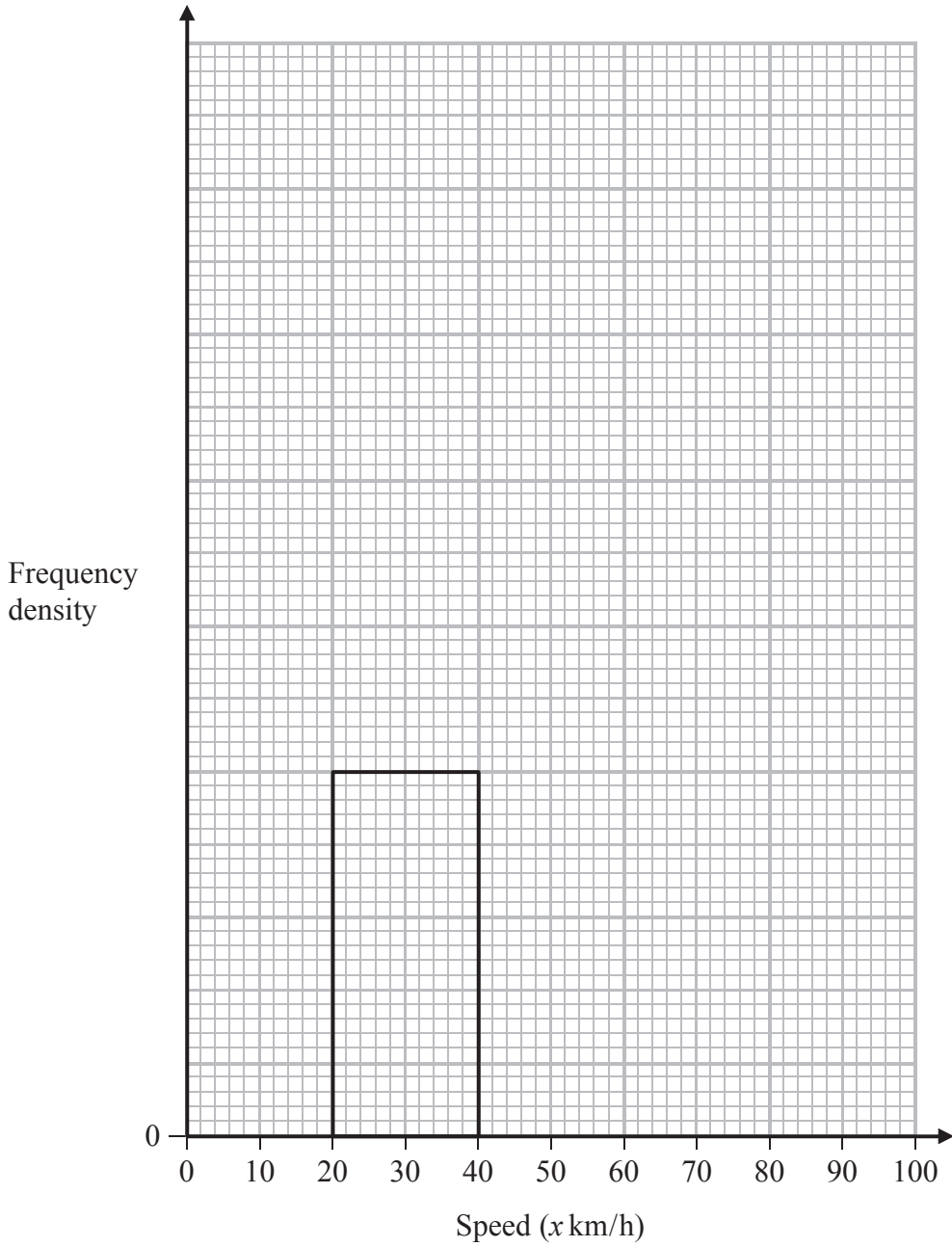
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Question 5 continued

- (c) On the grid below complete the histogram to represent the information in the table.
One bar has been drawn for you.

(4)



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6 Simplify fully $\frac{x^2 + 3x - 28}{(x + 3)^2 - 16}$

Handwriting practice area with horizontal dotted lines.

(Total for Question 6 is 5 marks)



- 8 (a) Expand and simplify $(5x + 192)(x - 80)$ (2)

The manager of a golf shop bought x identical golf balls at a total cost of \$480 to sell during a tournament.

- (b) Write down an expression in terms of x for the price, in \$, that the manager paid for one golf ball. (1)

The selling price of a golf ball was such that the profit made when the golf ball was sold is \$2.50

- (c) Find, as a single fraction, an expression in terms of x for the selling price, in \$, of one golf ball. (2)

At the end of the tournament, 16 of the golf balls had **not** been sold and the total selling price of the golf balls sold was \$544

- (d) Using all the information given, write down an equation in x . (1)

- (e) Show that your equation in part (d) simplifies to $5x^2 - 208x - 15\,360 = 0$ (3)

- (f) Using part (a) or otherwise, find the number of golf balls bought by the manager of the golf shop for the tournament. (3)

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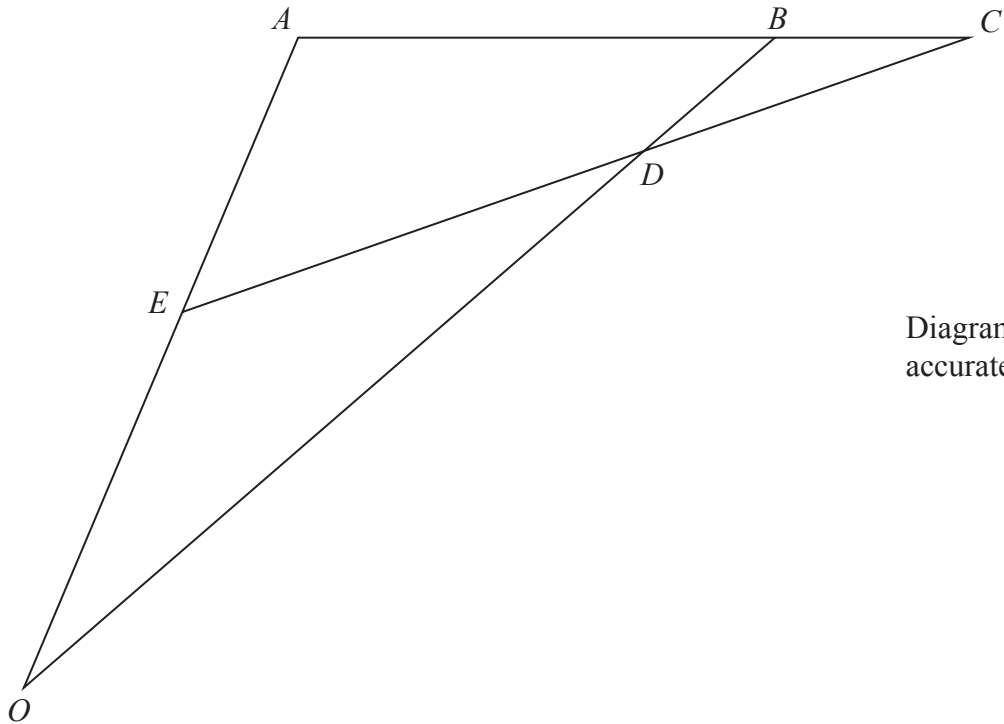


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Figure 2

In Figure 2, OAB is a triangle such that $\vec{OA} = 2\mathbf{a}$ and $\vec{AB} = \mathbf{b}$.
The point E is the midpoint of OA and ABC is a straight line such that $AB:AC = 4:5$
The lines OB and CE intersect at the point D .

(a) Express in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} or \mathbf{a} or \mathbf{b}

(i) \vec{OB} (ii) \vec{AC} (iii) \vec{EC}

(3)

Given that $\vec{OD} = \mu\vec{OB}$, where μ is a scalar,

(b) write down an expression for \vec{OD} in terms of μ , \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

(1)

Given also that $\vec{ED} = \lambda\vec{EC}$, where λ is a scalar,

(c) write down an expression for \vec{OD} in terms of λ , \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

(1)

(d) Find the value of λ and the value of μ .

(5)

The area of triangle OAD is 20 square units.

(e) Find the area of triangle ADB .

(2)



10 (a) Show that the size of each interior angle of a regular pentagon is 108°

(2)

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

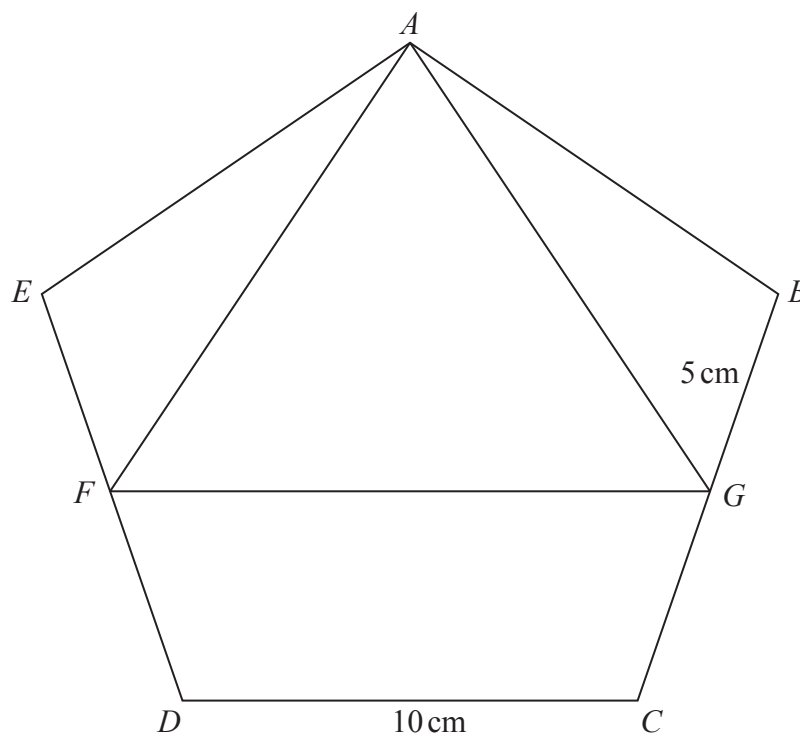


Figure 3

In Figure 3, $ABCDE$ is a regular pentagon with sides of length 10 cm. The midpoints of ED and BC are F and G respectively.

Calculate, giving your answers to 3 significant figures,

(b) the length, in cm, of AG ,

(3)

(c) the size, in degrees, of $\angle GAB$,

(3)

(d) the area, in cm^2 , of triangle GAF .

(3)

The area of the pentagon, to 4 significant figures, is 172.0 cm^2

The region R consists of the points inside the pentagon but outside the triangle GAF .

(e) Express the area of R as a percentage of the area of the pentagon. Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

(3)

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Sum of interior angles of polygon} = (2n - 4) \text{ right angles} \\ \text{Sine rule: } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} \\ \text{Cosine rule: } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A \\ \text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A \end{array} \right)$$



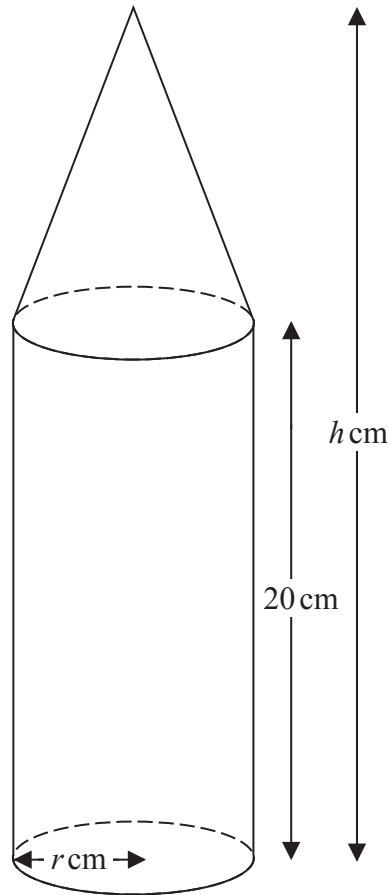


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Figure 4

Figure 4 shows a firework which is made of a right circular cone on top of a right circular cylinder. The radius of the base of the cone is r cm and the radius of the cylinder is also r cm. The centre of the base of the cone coincides with the centre of the upper circular face of the cylinder.

The height of the cylinder is 20 cm, the height of the cone is H cm and the total height of the firework is h cm.

(a) Write down an expression for H in terms of h .

(1)

The volume of the cone is V cm³

(b) Write down a formula for V in terms of r and h .

(1)

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Area of a circle} = \pi r^2 \\ \text{Volume of a right circular cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \end{array} \right)$$



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Question 11 continued

For this firework, $r + h = 32$

(c) Show that $V = \pi(4r^2 - \frac{1}{3}r^3)$

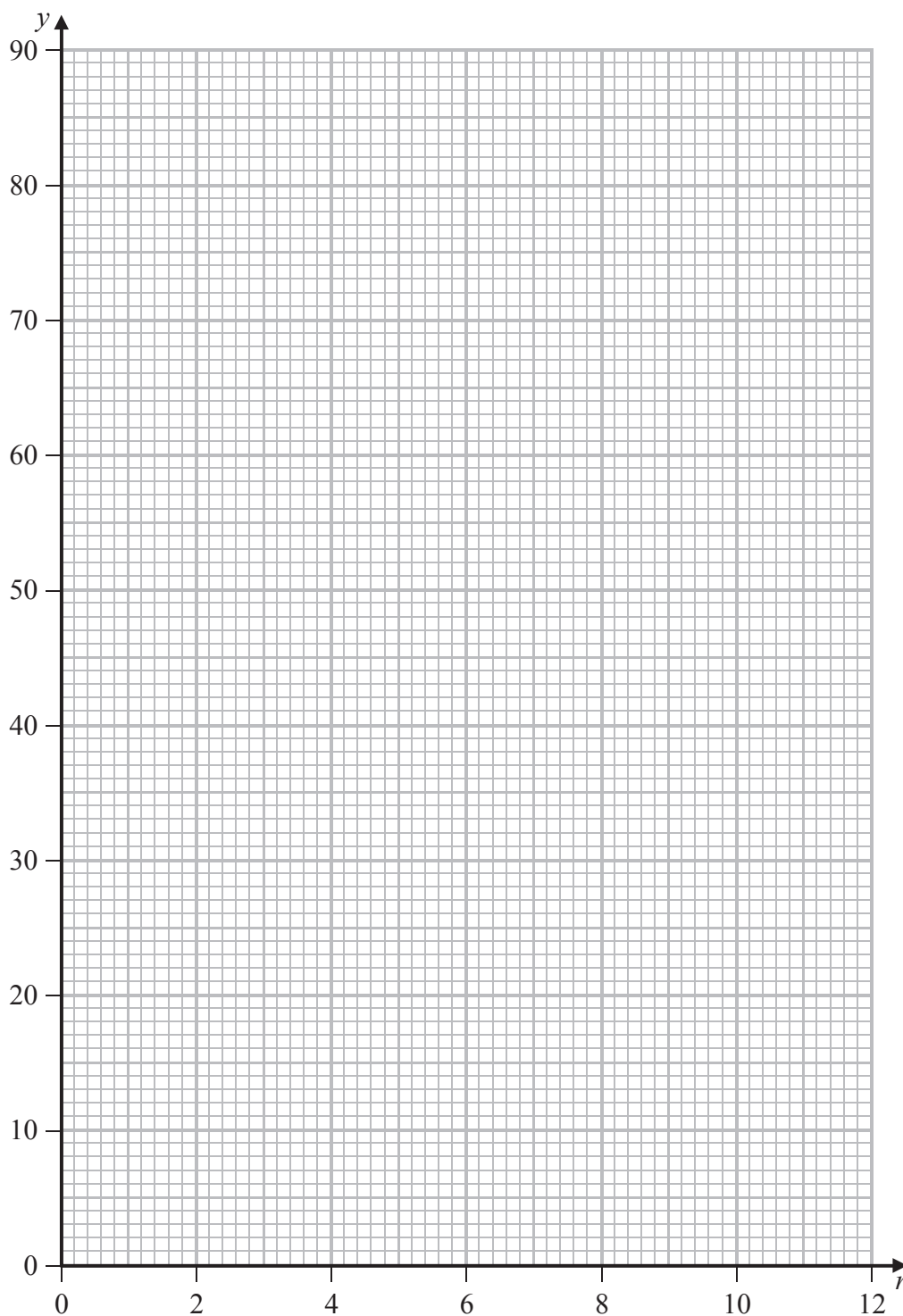
(2)

Area with horizontal dotted lines for writing the solution.

Question 11 continues on the next page



Question 11 continued



Turn over for a spare grid if you need to redraw your graph.

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